

LOOK AT THIS!

1-4 Off SALE 1-4 Off

For

Fifteen Days!

On all our

Wool Dress Goods and
New Jackets.To reduce these stocks early we will give 1/4 off for 15 days on
the above lines of goods.We now sell all kinds of Groceries
and pay highest price for
Butter and Eggs.

GEO. H. KEMPF.

25 DOZEN*

Solid Steel Spades & Shove's

Saturday, Monday and Tuesday, May 9th, 11th and 12th, '91,

AT 47 CENTS.

The New Process Va-
por Stove,

"QUICK MEAL,"

Is undoubtedly the best on the
market.Life made easy, and cooking in
warm weather a pleasure by
this new device.All sizes, ranging in price from
\$15.00 to \$20.00.

Examination Solicited.

HOAG & HOLMES.

Leading Spring Stock.

We have the Stock that meets the expec-
tation, and gratifies the taste.Our Stock is large. Our goods are new.
New Styles all through the line.

Remember we advertise bargains only when we have bargains. By watching the market close we have fortunately secured over \$3,000 worth of new, clean, desirable men's, boys' and children's suits and odd pants, at an average of about 25 per cent. less than wholesale price. These goods added to our regular spring stock, makes the assortment simply immense. We have regular suits, fat men's suits, slim men's suits, extra size suits up to size 48. Extra size pants. Extra length pants up to 37 inch leg.

Realizing the fact that only extraordinary inducements to outside as well as home buyers, will move so many goods in a short time, we shall as an inducement, offer the trade for the next 30 days the choice of the entire lot, over \$3,000 worth of choice clothing, at actual manufacturer's price to the retailer. That means simply that we sell these goods at from 25 to 50 per cent. less than you will buy goods of the same quality of any retailer in the county.

Don't look for bargains where they have none for you, but take advantage of this sale, when you can buy:

Regular \$20.00 suits for \$15.00.
Regular \$15.00 suits for \$11.00.
Regular \$12.00 suits for \$9.00.
Regular \$10.00 suit for \$7.50.
Regular \$7.50 suits for \$5.00.
Regular \$5.00 suits for \$4.00.
Regular \$4.00 suits for \$3.00.
Regular \$3.00 suits for \$2.50.
Regular \$2.50 suits for \$1.50.
Regular \$1.50 suits for \$1.00.
Regular \$1.00 suits for \$0.50.
Regular \$0.50 pants for \$0.40.
Regular \$0.40 pants for \$0.30.
Regular \$0.30 pants for \$0.25.
Regular \$0.25 pants for \$0.15.

Boy's odd pants at wholesale prices. Child-

ren's knee pants 25c, worth 50c.

Etc., etc., etc.

Money saved is money earned.

Yours truly,

W. P. SCHENK.

Corner Main and Middle Streets.

Here and There.

Snow the 4th of May.
Council proceedings on last page.
Painters and paper-hangers are busy.
Quarterly meeting at the M. E. church Sunday.

Village Ordinance No. 27, will be found in this issue.

The lawn-mower is doing business at the old stand.

Read Glazier's change of "ad" on first and last pages.

Austin Yocum, of Manchester, spent Sunday in town.

Commissioner Staffan is the right man in the right place.

The street sprinkler is on duty, beginning last Monday.

Henry Heyings, of Stockbridge, spent last week in town.

Read H. S. Holmes & Co's. change of "ad" on first page.

Storm doors are like some prospective weddings—omitting.

Dr Raymond Wright returned home from the East last Thursday.

Be sure and hear the Arian Quartette, Friday evening, at town hall.

Chris Klein has moved in Dr. Bush's residence on South Main street.

Hon. E. P. Allen will deliver an address at Manchester on Memorial Day.

The foundation is being laid for the Cassidy residence on Orchard street.

The young men of Dexter are to render the Temple of Fame in the near future.

You can't afford to miss the concert given by the collegians, Friday evening.

E. P. Lehman and family left last Tuesday evening for their home at Ilico, Col.

Mr. Victor Hindelang, of Columbus, Ohio, spent a few days in town this week.

F. P. Glazier started yesterday for Cleveland, Buffalo and other points east.

Wm. Bury's team ran away Wednesday, doing considerable damage to the wagon and harness.

The plant sale held at the Babcock block will close on Saturday with an Ice cream social.

Mr. S. Tichenor, of Lansing, spent Sunday here with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. L. Tichenor.

Mrs. H. G. Hoag was the guest of her daughter Mrs. Will Dancer, of Stockbridge, last week.

Godfrey Grau left for Ann Arbor Monday where he will serve as jurymen during this term of court.

Don't forget that Miss Blunt, the Elocutionist, will also be here with the quartettes, Friday evening.

The number of suicides in the United States in 1890 was 5,640, while in 1889 it was 2,224, and in 1888 1,187.

E. P. Downer has purchased about 60 acres of the Michael Savage farm three miles south-west of this place.

Lizzie Alger, a 15-year old girl of Ann Arbor, was arrested last Saturday for trying to pass a forged check for \$35.00.

Peter Early, a young farmer of Milan township, committed suicide Tuesday of last week, by hanging himself in his barn.

As gardening is now the order of the day, see to it that your huns do not create bad blood between yourself and neighbor.

Saturday, Monday and Tuesday, Hoag & Holmes will sell all steel shovel or spade for 47 cents. Read "ad" on this page.

Married, April 30, 1891, at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. Chris Klein, of Lima, to Miss Anna Eschelbach, of Free-dom.

S. A. Scott, of Grass Lake, will plant 50 acres of potatoes this season, and the job will be done by machinery, so the News says.

The C. L. S. C. will meet with Miss Edith Congdon, Monday evening, May 11, 1891. All interested in Chautauque work are invited to attend.

Queer world this When an editor writes a good thing, the people ask "who wrote it for him. When a preacher says a good thing the people wonder where he stole it.

The Manchester Enterprise says: "One of the most comical sights beheld of late was a young lady of our village with her hands in the wash tub, scrubbing and singing, 'Nearer my God to thee'."

An exchange says: "All malice resides in the liver. Nine men in ten has malicious livers. All murderers have damaged and disabled livers. This is a fact that will soon be heralded abroad by the medical profession, and then the day will come when, instead of the monotonous sin-pity plea, the lawyer for the defence will claim that the deed was done while the prisoner was laboring under a fit of temporary derangement of the liver."

Farming starts out this spring with the fairest prospects that we have seen for several years. Wheat and grass have passed the winter in good shape and are looking fine and the farmers seem to be encouraged and are taking hold of work in good earnest; nearly every farmer has his oats sowed, and many are plowing for corn; there has been more oats sowed this year than usual, and there will be about the average amount of corn planted, and more beans than at one year before.—Sun.

School closes next week.

Dr. Bush has moved to Jackson.

Wm. Schatz, of Dexter, was in town Monday.

An addition is being built to the rear of St. Mary's Rectory.

Mr. Chas. Tichenor has returned home from Newark, N. J.

The lady bicyclists, of Ann Arbor, have formed an organization.

Born, April 24, 1891, to Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Eder, a daughter.

Geo. W. Turnbull was in Ann Arbor last Monday on business.

John E. Cooley, of Lima, will spend the summer at Coldwater.

Smith & Stephens have a change of "ad" in this issue. Read it.

W. H. Curtis, of Grass Lake, was a caller at this office Wednesday.

Frank McNamara, of Jackson, spent a few days in town the past week.

Everyone should hear the Alfuretta quartette, at the town hall Friday evening.

Elmer Hammond, who has been on the sick list, is spending a few weeks at home.

Conrad Heselewerdt, who has been in Ann Arbor for some time has returned home.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Nordman, of Jackson, spent a few days in town this week with relatives.

Frank Shaver has sold his shop at Battle Creek, and is now with Ed Riemen-schneider.

Clarence Maroney is fitting up the store to be used by Geo. H. Kempf as a grocery, cloak room, etc.

A settled fact—that Chelsea does more business than any other town of its size in Southern Michigan.

The street car employees' strike in Detroit has been settled, the grievances being adjusted by an arbitration committee.

There is a hog in Kansas which weighs 1,532 pounds, and is said to be the largest one in the United States—on four legs.

Geo. H. Kempf offers some rare bargains in dress goods and jackets, for the next fifteen days. Read "ad" on this page.

The New York Mail and Express says: Michigan has just changed its Presidential electors, but the kind will remain the same—all true-blue Republicans.

The new fish law forbids fishing on any of the inland lakes with spears. If it is enforced as well as the law to compel owners of mill dams to put in shutters all will be well.

Mrs. C. Brilenbach has purchased of Patrick Moran, the house and lot on Garfield street, south of Jas. Schatz's residence, and will move into the same in the near future.

Wild geese abound in the marshes around Monroe and the bang, bang, bang of the sportsman's gun disturbs the serenity of the city. The birds are said to be very fat and sleek this year.

The W. C. T. U. elected the following officers last Thursday for the ensuing year: President, Mrs. D. H. Hoag; Vice-President, Miss Libbia Taylor; Secretary, Miss Olive Conklin; Treasurer, Mrs. J. Everett.

Autograph hunting is a thing of the past. Like all manias it had its run, and it has now been dropped for another fad. Public men are asked to give their ideas on marriage, religion and politics and other subjects.

The house has passed the senate bill fixing the penalty of three years in prison or \$1,000 dollars fine for entering a horse in any race under a fictitious name, or out of its class. This is to do away with the old time practice of working in "ringers."

Persons owning lots in Oak Grove cemetery should put them in suitable shape before Decoration Day. A little work in cutting the grass and leveling up the ground, setting out plants and flowers makes a vast improvement in the appearance of the grounds.

The following named pupils will graduate from the Chelsea High school this year: May Judson, Mary Miller, Amelia Neuberger, Herbert Dancer, Walter Woods and Ransom Armstrong. Graduating exercises will be held at the town hall Friday evening, May 15, 1891.

Says a Philadelphia surgeon: "Unless a dog be suffering from hydrophobia his bite is easily cured, but the bite of a cat at any time is a serious matter, and will cause death sooner than a wound inflicted by any other animal. A cat's claws also inflict wounds which may result seriously."

Some of the best young men of Ann Arbor have formed a society, and incorporated under the law of the state authorizing the formation of clubs for social purposes, under the name of the young men's association of Ann Arbor. The object of the society is the improvement of the spiritual, mental, social and physical condition of young men.

The fastest mile a single man has traveled by various methods of locomotion is, to date, as follows: Swimming, 26:32; walking, 6:38; running, 4:12 1/2; tricycle, 2:49 2/5; snow shoes 4:39 1/4; rowing, 5:01; bicycle, 2:23 4/5; skating, 2:12 3/5; trotting horse, 2:08 3/4; running horse, 1:35; railroad train, 0:40 1/4; balloon, pneumatic tube and electricity records, are yet to be made.



RIGHT THIS WAY

FOR BARGAINS

Wall Paper, Curtains, Shades,
Curtain Poles and Fixtures.

PAINTS & OILS

Varnishes, Brushes Alabas-
tine, etc.

TRUTH WEARS NO MASK

Bows	Seeks	It
at	neither	only
no	place	asks
human	nor	a
ashine	applause	hearing

Pure Linseed Oil

Weighs 7 1/2 pounds to the gallon. You will do well to remember this.

We handle only Wright & Lanther's pure raw and boiled linseed oils.

See our price below. Remember our price is for a full gallon, 7 1/2 pounds, not 6 or 6 1/2 pounds.

How We Do It.

Wall Paper and Borders.

Good Browns	8 to 4c per roll
Fine Whites	4 to 8c per roll
Good Glits	6 to 9c per roll
Fine Embossed Glits	10 to 12 1/2c per roll
Plain Borders, 9 inch	1 to 3c per yard
Plain Borders, 18 inch	2 to 5c per yard
Gold Borders, 9 inch	1 to 5c per yard
Gold Borders, 18 inch	2 to 10c per yard

Shades, Curtains, Curtain Poles, Fixtures

Etc.

Fine cloth shades on spring fixtures	18c
Elegant	38c
Spring Curtain fixtures	8c
Curtains poles and brass trimmings complete	18c.

Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Alabastines and brushes, complete assortment at prices to suit you.

Pure white lead,	6 1/2c per lb
Standard white lead,	6 1/2c per lb
Pure raw linseed oil,	55c per gal
Pure boiled linseed oil,	58c per gal

The celebrated Rubber Paint constantly on hand in all colors at \$1.25 per gallon.

Alabastine, carriage paints, varnishes, brushes, etc., at Underbry and Undersell prices.

See our prices on last page.

More bargains this year than ever before,

Verily, Merrily, More and More,
It Pays to Trade at

GLAZIER'S STORE.

FARMERS

Are especially invited to do their Banking business with the

Chelsea Savings Bank.

Date, Mar. 11th, 1891.

State Law Guarantee Fund and

Capital \$109,887.52

Deposits, Mar. 10th, 1891 178,371.76

Invested in Choice Bonds,

Mortgages and approved

Loans 120,879.90

Cash on hand and in banks 105,302.94

If you have money deposit it in the Chelsea Savings Bank, that it may earn for you interest, or until wanted, that you may be free from care and fear of loss by fire, thieves or otherwise. If you need to borrow money, upon good approved security, the Chelsea Savings bank will be glad to supply it for you.

The Chelsea Savings Bank has recently had built for it one of the strongest safes made, being the new pattern of the Mosler Bank Safe companies, Round Screw Door, Laminated Chrome Steel, Burglar and Dynamite Proof Safe, with no keyhole, spindle or other connection through the door or walls, nor any access to the lock from the outside, the door being screwed in and held secure by a Double Chronometer Time Lock from inside. It is considered the strongest and best security ever devised against efforts of burglars. The safe is protected by a large new fireproof vault made necessary to store the upwards of twenty years' accumulation of books and papers of its business, and the whole premises are further protected by an Electric alarm system, which gives instant warning of trespassers at night.

DIRECTORS:

Samuel G. Ives, President.

Thos. Sears, Vice President.

John R. Gates, Capitalist and Farmer.

Heman M. Woods, Capitalist.

Frank P. Glazier, Druggist.

Harmon S. Holmes, General Merchant.

Wm. J. Knapp, Hardware Merchant.

Jas. L. Babcock, Capitalist.

Geo. P. Glazier, Cashier.

Drafts drawn payable in gold on presentation at banks in all the principal cities of Europe, Asia, Africa, South America and Australia.

Tickets for passage by the principal ocean steamship lines; also from all rail-road points to seaboard in Europe.

Fire insurance and life insurance in the oldest and strongest companies.

Chelsea Savings Bank.

H. S. HOLMES & CO.

Shoe Department.

Offers as a Special thing for a few days. Ladies bright Dongola, patent calf tipped, guaranteed shoe, at \$2.00.

Our line of Ladies', Misses' and Children's slippers very complete.

Our line of Misses' and Children's patent calf tipped goods is the most complete and lowest in price of any in Chelsea.

When in need of Shoes, do not fail to visit this department.

Carpet, Curtain & Shade Dep't.

In this department we offer all wool carpets at 60 cents. Curtain poles complete, 17 cents. Spring curtain fixtures, 7 cents. Shades at all prices, besides the largest line to select from.

Orders taken and shades of extra width made and put up by an experienced man.

Clothing Department.

We shall during May and June offer our entire stock of Clothing at lower prices than was ever known in Chelsea. Come and see us.

Also visit our

Merchant Tailoring Dept.

If you wish a suit, pants or vest made to order. Low prices; superior work; guaranteed to please or no sale.

Dry Goods Dep't.

As a special—55 pieces choice Challies at 5 cents.

Respectfully,

H. S. HOLMES & CO.

Hummel & Whitaker.

Have just received a full line of

VAPOR

STOVES,

both old and new

process, which

they are selling

at prices to suit

the times.

We are agents for the world renowned

Buckeye Binders & Mowers.

These goods are sold upon their merits,

therefore do not require the skill of an

expert to sell them, which en-

ables us to give the farm-

er the benefit of

such Sales.

HUMMEL & WHITAKER.

HEADQUARTERS

FOR

WALL PAPER

If you are going to do any papering this

season, it will pay you to call and

examine our elegant line

of papers.

We are continually receiving fresh lots of new designs, which we are

selling at exceedingly low prices, we will also save you

money on

THE CHELSEA HERALD.

A. ALLISON, Editor and Proprietor.

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

The leading statement of New South Wales has taken a determined stand in favor of the enfranchisement of women.

A new mineral has been discovered, to which the name sanguinite has been given. It is brownish in color by reflected light, and upon analysis is found to contain silver, arsenic and sulphur.

It is reported that the Panama canal can be completed for 600,000,000 francs. This statement will not be particularly relished by the Parisians who have already put so many millions into the enterprise.

Mrs. Catherine Sharp, of Philadelphia, now in her 114th year, attributes her great longevity to the fact that she has made it the rule of her life to preserve a tranquil mind and never to become agitated.

Capt. W. H. P. Haines, of the steamship Etowah, has completed his five hundred and first voyage across the Atlantic. He first went to sea as an apprentice in 1888, and got his first command of a Cunard steamship in 1884.

Miss Maggie Schmitt, of Derry, Pa., died recently. She was 65 years of age, and since her father's death, twenty years ago, had been living out as a maid of all work. Investigation of an old census bustle belonging to Miss Schmitt disclosed a fortune of \$9,000.

There are 14,056,750 horses in the United States, 2,396,542 mules, 10,019,001 milch cows, 30,575,549 other cattle, 43,431,126 sheep, and 50,628,105 hogs—and all these animals are on the farms of the country, not counting those in the cities, towns and villages.

Robert Harrison, of Birmingham, Conn., who had been asleep for three days and nights, awoke feeling none the worse for it. He says that he dreamed that he was in another world, and was positive it was much better than this one. He had a prolonged sleep once before.

This is a great nation. While statesmen and newspapers the world over are wondering whether there will be war the president is off on a pleasure jaunt of nine thousand miles, and the secretary of state upon an ocean voyage, and the great offices are left in charge of janitors and private secretaries without fear of danger.

The statistics show that fewer Italians bring their wives and families with them to the United States than any other class of immigrants. As a rule they do not come to stay and are neither profitable to the people of the United States while they do remain or their own nation, which has to care for the families of the wanderers in their absence.

The finding of fifty human skeletons near Corpus Christi, Tex., is accounted for by William Payne, manager of the Farmers Alliance at Whitehouse, Tex. He says eighty of his comrades deserted in a body from the rebel service and started for Mexico, not one of them having been heard of since, and that they were captured and executed to a man.

Pay-cars are familiar sights on American railways, but this country has not yet employed the locomotive in banking operations. One of the New Zealand banks has a special car which visits the rural districts, carries checks and receives deposits. The experiment is said to be profitable, and it is a great convenience to settlers who would otherwise be compelled to leave their farms and visit town on numerous occasions.

France and Russia are carrying on a desperate flirtation and so ostensibly preparing for future military union that they may provoke some kind of retaliatory measures from those who are obviously threatened. It appears that the military systems of the two countries are to be so modified and harmonized that their respective armies, if called upon to do so, may act together with the least possible friction.

In the United States district court at Boston the other day, Gen. B. F. Butler, who appeared for Mrs. Johnson, defendant in a prosecution for pension fraud, was ordered from the room by Judge Carpenter, who had the marshal and an assistant enforce his decree. Gen. Butler, with tears in his eyes, said that he yielded to force; and when he returned to the court after the judge had left the bench, remarked that the room smelled a little better.

A reception was given by the medical profession of London to Dr. William Salmon, of Glamorganshire, who is probably the oldest living member of the medical profession in England, if not in the world. He was born in 1801, and is now 90 years of age. The fact is corroborated by the appearance of his name upon the list of members of the Royal College of Surgeons of England in 1809, when he was but nineteen years old. Notwithstanding his advanced age he is in the full possession of all his faculties and attends to his practice with more regularity than many younger men.

The census office has issued a statement of the acreage and yield of tobacco for the year 1899, showing an increase over the last census of 55,223 acres and 19,052,440 pounds. The amount produced in Kentucky has increased over 54,000,000 pounds, and there has also been a substantial increase in North Carolina, Tennessee, Ohio, New York and Wisconsin. On the other hand, there has been a more or less serious falling off in Virginia, Maryland, Connecticut, Massachusetts, Pennsylvania and Missouri. The figures are liable to slight modification in the final revision, yet to be made.

In court at Wheeling, W. Va., Judge Jackson met with a peculiar case of dense ignorance. James Pennington pleaded guilty of selling liquor without a license and declared that he did not know he required a license. "Did you ever hear of the United States?" asked the court. "Yes, but only in an indirect way," the prisoner replied. "I live in Braxton county, and did not think the United States had any control over its affairs. The county court makes the laws there." The judge fined him \$100 with ten months in jail, and told the clerk to furnish him with a copy of the constitution to study.

Epitome of the Week.

INTERESTING NEWS COMPILATION.

FROM WASHINGTON.

In the United States the visible supply of grain on the 27th was: Wheat, 22,343,563 bushels; corn, 2,464,483 bushels; oats, 2,623,328 bushels.

RECEIPTS of the American Tract society for the year, as shown by the treasurer's report at the annual meeting in Washington, were \$305,000.

The new United States treasurer, Enos H. Nebeker, of Indiana, has entered upon the duties of his office. The United States has been notified by the Chinese government of its unwillingness to receive Hon. Henry W. Blair as minister to China.

The public debt statement issued on the 1st showed the total debt to be \$1,548,678,451; cash in the treasury, \$700,162,858; debt less cash in the treasury, \$848,515,593. Decrease during April, \$1,514,327. Decrease since June 30, 1899, \$56,623,383.

The business failures in the United States during the seven days ended on the 1st numbered 355 against 303 the preceding week and 211 for the corresponding week last year.

In this country Labor day was generally observed by parades and other festivities.

THROUGHOUT the country an increase in the volume of trade was reported, and merchants were more confident as to the future.

THE EAST.

FRANK DRAMM started from New York to walk to San Francisco in four months.

TWO ENDOWMENT societies in Philadelphia, the Benevolent Order of Active Workers and the Bi-Monthly Benefit association, collapsed, the former owing \$130,000.

In the Center block at Franklin, Pa., a fire destroyed \$100,000 worth of property.

JAMES R. DAWSON, of Green Point, N. Y., shot his wife while temporarily insane and then cut his throat with a razor. Both were near people.

FLAMES near Millville, N. J., made a swath through timber 6 miles long and 4 miles wide.

In Pennsylvania the coke strike for two weeks ago has cost thus far \$8,500,000. The men had lost \$1,000,000 in wages.

AT Topeka the Chicago, Kansas & Nebraska railroad was sold to the United States Trust Company of New York for \$25,323,000.

THROUGH excessive cigarette-smoking Stephen McClelland, of Johnston, Pa., a young man of 21, has become insane.

FIRE nearly wiped out the little hamlet of West Bloomfield, N. Y.

In the building trades at Pittsburgh, Pa., 10,000 men have struck for an eight-hour day.

In New Jersey thousands of acres of forests were swept over by fire and several houses and outbuildings were burned.

EVERY sawmill on the mountains between Bellefonte and Lewisburg, Pa., was reported burned by forest fires, and millions of feet of valuable timber had also been reduced to ashes.

In April 60,449 immigrants landed at the port of New York, the largest number for April since 1892. At Baltimore 11,800 persons were landed in the same period.

In New Hampshire earthquake shocks of greater or less severity and duration were reported from Concord, Keene, Concord, Manchester and other towns.

In Philadelphia a colored woman 90 years old was arrested for disorderly conduct.

In a fireworks factory in New York four girls were burned to death and two other persons were badly burned.

On the 1st a great section of southern New Jersey had been made desolate by fire, and the pine and cedar forests were nearly wiped out. The cranberry bogs had been ruined in several places and many houses were burned and hundreds of persons made homeless.

WEST AND SOUTH.

On the Baltimore & Ohio road an express train collided with a freight train near Gaithersburg, Md., and Engineer Curtis Elliott of the express, Engineer Henry Groff, Fireman Murphy of the freight, and Postal Clerk S. C. Burdett were killed.

JONAS JOHNSON's wife and youngest son were fatally injured by the burning of their home near Wheaton, Minn. J. L. BRICK, of White Plains, Ind., knocked his wife down and was about to choke her when she shot him dead.

The death of Richard Griffiths, founder of the order of the Knights of Labor in Chicago and the west, occurred in Chicago, aged 66 years.

In Arkansas all the cotton-oil mills, with one exception, are said to have formed a pool, with a capital of \$2,000,000.

CHARLES L. ROSE and Nick Flood, two gamblers, quarreled at Roanoke, Va., a duel followed and both men were fatally hurt.

On a train at Aurora, Ill., R. H. Gillespie, of Columbus, O., was drugged and robbed of \$15,000 by a woman.

At Peru, Ind., John Johnson was sentenced to one year in the penitentiary for stealing a bushel of potatoes and selling them for ninety-five cents.

In the Thresher Company's paint shop at the Stillwater (Minn.) prison fire did \$100,000 damage.

The governor of Ohio has commuted to life imprisonment the death sentence of Isaac Smith, convicted of killing his cousin, Stephen Skidmore, in 1888. Smith has been sentenced to death nine times.

In the vicinity of Washburn, Ind., floods did great damage to fruit.

The mayor of Cincinnati declares that no more professional baseball games shall be played in that city on Sunday.

A TRAIN was wrecked by striking a cow at Greentown, Ind., and the engineer and fireman were killed.

FLAMES which began in Campbell & Co.'s furniture factory at Chattanooga, Tenn., burned over \$250,000 worth of property.

At Troy, Ala., the roof of the opera house fell in, killing two women and seriously injuring several persons.

The death of James Hubbard occurred at Mapleton, Ind., aged 106 years. He left 150 descendants in five generations.

On James E. Malone's farm, near Boone Grove, Ind., two barns were burned by an incendiary and forty-five cows, fifteen calves and ten horses perished in the flames.

In a wreck on the Baltimore & Ohio railroad at Waring, Md., \$17,000 in treasury notes were burned.

The death of Albert Snooks, the bridge-maker and seventh victim of the poisoned wedding feast at Louisville,

Ky., was reported. His wife was very low.

WHILE crazed with la grippe Dr. R. G. Mauss, a noted Washington physician, killed himself.

Work has commenced on the tunnel to be built between Detroit and Windsor, Ont.

IOWA democrats will hold their state convention in Ottumwa June 24.

The mayor of Cincinnati has announced that Sunday theatricals will not be allowed in that city next season.

The explosion of a locomotive at Johnston's station, O., killed the fireman, and the engineer and head brakeman were badly hurt.

NEAR Beloit, Wis., Charles Hannah, a farmer, blew his brains out because he had been arrested for drunkenness.

A PROMINENT physician of Linton, Ind., L. H. Dilly, was instantly killed by his team running away.

A RAIN, hail and windstorm visited Bryan, O., and hardly a house escaped without some damage.

AT Sioux Falls, S. D., the jury in the trial of Plenty-Horse, the Indian charged with murdering Lieut. Casey, disagreed and were discharged.

BECAUSE he could not stop drinking liquor A. B. Barnes, a young man, committed suicide at Portland, Ore.

BASCO DORRALL shot and killed Thomas Stewart and his wife and John Finn during a quarrel near Richmond, Mo.

AT San Francisco over \$25,000 worth of smuggled opium was confiscated by government officials.

In Minneapolis six flouring mills with a capacity of 10,000 barrels a day have united under the name of the North-western Consolidated Milling Company.

AT Waco, Tex., William Keel, who confessed to having slandered honest men and women, was whipped, ridden upon a rail, tarred and feathered and ducked in a pond by a posse of citizens.

SOME miscreants set fire to a shaft of the Consolidated Coal Company's works at Oskaloosa, Ia., and property valued at \$100,000 was destroyed.

SEVERAL members of the Alaskan exploring expedition sent out a year ago from New York under the guidance of Hazard Wells have arrived at Port Townsend, Wash., thus contradicting the report that the party had perished.

FREZZY NIKKILI while in a drunken frenzy fatally shot his wife at Houghton, Mich., and then killed himself.

In the Hocking and Sunday valleys of Ohio 10,000 miners have struck for an eight-hour day, and at other points in Indiana and Illinois the miners made a similar demand and quit work.

THE Patriotic Order Sons of America organized a state camp at Indianapolis, Ind., with H. G. Ellis, of Connersville, as president.

FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE.

BRITISH troops entered Manizpur and placed the place totally deserted. In an inclosure was discovered the heads of Commissioner Quinlan and others of the English party.

In Germany a coal famine was impending owing to the strike of the miners and many manufacturing companies had shut down.

The loss of the British ship Landsdowne, which sailed from Hokodate, Japan, 190 days ago for New York was feared. She carried a crew of forty men.

An employe in the post office at Pesth, Hungary, murdered his wife, his mother-in-law and three children, and then drowned himself in the Danube.

ADVISED from Honolulu say that Minister Carter had resigned from the cabinet and the people were clamoring for a republic.

In England the epidemic of influenza was still spreading.

The election of Prince Bismarck to a seat in the German reichstag was conceded.

ADVISED say that 10,000 Jews would be expelled from Moscow as soon as the existing laws were enforced. The population of Moscow was 700,000, of which 100,000 were Jews.

In France Labor day was one of riot and bloodshed. At Formies seven persons were killed and the same number were shot down by troops in Lyons.

In Rome, Italy, conflicts took place between workmen led by anarchists and the authorities, and several of the former were killed.

LATER.

A CYCLONE passed over Paducah, Ky., and 100 buildings were either totally wrecked, moved from their foundations or unroofed. Several people were badly injured.

A FIRE in Altoona, Pa., destroyed two hotels and other buildings, the loss being \$100,000.

AFTER seventeen years of separation Henry Pierce found his mother by accident at the union depot in Chicago, where for a long time she had been selling apples.

FOREST fires were doing immense damage along the line of the Philadelphia & Erie railroad in Pennsylvania.

WILLIAM H. COOK, clerk of the Toledo (O.) police court, has confessed to the mayor that he was short in his accounts from \$20,000 to \$25,000.

SEVEN consumptives were discharged from a hospital in Denver, Col., as permanently cured by using Koch's lymph.

FRANCIS R. LANE, of Chicago, found in San Francisco his only daughter after a twenty years' search.

W. S. RITTER, one of the oldest newspaper publishers in Pennsylvania, died suddenly of apoplexy at his home in Reading, aged 65 years.

BECAUSE Marie Foster would not consent to marry him Francois Pettit fatally shot her in New York and then put a bullet into his own head.

SEVERE frosts in Minnesota damaged the wheat and fruit crops.

B. P. HUTCHINSON, the Chicago board of trade man who mysteriously disappeared, has returned to his home near Terre Haute, Ind.

FOREST fires were doing great damage in the counties of Osceola, Clare, Gladwin, Roscommon, Alcona, Ogemaw, Oscoda and Isosco in Michigan.

DIRECTOR LEECH's statement of coinage during April shows that 117,000 gold pieces were coined, of the value of \$1,920,000; 4,438,000 silver pieces of the value of \$2,595,000, and minor coin amounting to 2,072,000 pieces, of the value of \$59,400.

The town of Lyle, Minn., was nearly wiped out by fire. Loss, \$140,000.

The percentages of the baseball clubs in the National league for the week ended on the 2d were: Boston, 600; Cleveland, 600; Chicago, 550; Pittsburgh, 550; Philadelphia, 500; New York, 500; Brooklyn, 400; Cincinnati, 300. The percentages of clubs in the American association were: Baltimore, 700; Boston, 667; Louisville, 608; St. Louis, 545; Cincinnati, 495; Columbus, 490; Athletic, 353; Washington, 350.

THE TOILER'S VOICE.

It is raised in behalf of Fewer Hours of Labor and More Pay in America and Europe—May Day Brings Forth Many Strikes—Bloodshed in Italy and France.

DEQUON, Ill., May 2.—Every mine on the prairie was closed down Friday morning and 1,400 miners and mine laborers came out on a strike for eight hours a day and weekly pay.

Several operators, anticipating the strike, last week posted notices for the men to clean up their places and take out their tools before May 1. But one mine is now running (the Egyptian) and it is paying the wages demanded and working under contract. Fully 4,000 people are directly interested in the strike here. All the miners south of here are out. The outlook is for an idle summer in "Egyptian" mining circles.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., May 2.—State President Goings, of the Illinois Federated Miners' union, returned from Chicago and reports that the conference was satisfactory to the miners. He said an agreement had been reached to hold a joint session of the miners and operators of the state some time next week, the time and place of the conference to be fixed to-day. It was agreed to suspend all operations at the mines until after this conference, but the miners want it understood that no strike has been ordered and that none is on.

Other points in the Illinois coal fields report a quiet condition of affairs. In Saline county not a mine has stopped operations. Rock Island advises say that every mine in that county, as well as in Henry and Mercer counties, is working, and the men are satisfied with their condition. In Vermilion county there is no trouble or indication of a strike, and in St. Clair county, while the men took a day off, there was no strike, and operations will be resumed.

CHICAGO, May 2.—Labor day was celebrated in Chicago by a grand parade of fifty or more labor organizations and a monster mass-meeting on the lake front. The demonstration was fully the equal of former years. At night the different unions held entertainments at their halls.

DANVILLE, Ill., May 2.—The large coal mine operators at Grape Creek, including the Grape Creek Coal Company, the Spellman Coal Company and Mike Kelley, suspended work indefinitely Friday, throwing a thousand men out of employment. The operators claim that on account of overproduction it is not profitable to work the mines.

THE MINERS ORDERED OUT. OKALOOSA, Ia., May 2.—The executive board of the state association of the miners held a meeting here Friday and issued the following order:

"TO THE MINERS OF IOWA: Your executive board has ordered you out for the establishment of the eight-hour work day, and you will remain out until further orders from said board."

This is an independent action by the Iowa union and will be followed in part only. Many of the miners will return to work.

Miscreants set fire to shaft No. 7 of the Consolidated Coal Company's works Friday morning and \$100,000 worth of property was destroyed. The miners in the employ of this company had refused to join in the general strike of May 1. Attempts were also made to burn other shafts.

OKLAHOMA, Ia., May 2.—The coal miners' strike is general throughout southeastern Iowa, and covers the Des Moines valley coal fields. At Keokuk the miners made no demand. At the great Cleveland mines the men made a formal demand for an eight-hour day, and declared they would stay out until it was granted. At Hiteham the men are out, but as they have made no demands it is confidently expected that they will resume work Monday. At Foster the men notified the operators that eight hours would be a day's work hereafter and quit.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., May 2.—Two thousand miners in Clay county went out Thursday night.

There is no change in the situation in Davis county. Building is stopped in Terre Haute by the carpenters' strike for nine hours at thirty cents. The brickmasons and hodcarriers also went out Friday for higher wages. These are the only labor troubles of importance in Indiana.

NO STRIKE IN OHIO. COLUMBUS, O., May 2.—The miners and operators of Ohio have adjusted their difficulties on a basis of seventy cents for mining in the Hocking valley and a nine-hour day. The scale for machine mining was left open for future adjustment between the operators and miners interested. No strike or trouble is anticipated in Ohio fields for the next year.

RIOT AT CLEVELAND. CLEVELAND, O., May 2.—The attempt to put a gang of non-union men to work unloading the twelve lumber barges that have been waiting at the docks here for several days resulted in an ugly riot shortly after noon, in which both the Fisher Brothers, proprietors of one of the yards, and Perry, a junior partner of Wood, Jenks & Co., besides a number of workmen, were seriously assaulted. The police charged the strikers and Sergeant Sherman and several patrolmen were seriously beaten in the fight that followed. The exact number of strikers and non-union men injured cannot be ascertained, nor the extent of their injuries.

ST. LOUIS CARPENTERS WIN. ST. LOUIS, May 2.—The carpenters and joiners have once more scored a victory against their employers. Two years ago they fought for thirty-five cents an hour and an eight-hour day and won. Friday they asked forty cents an hour and got it.

IN PENNSYLVANIA. PITTSBURGH, Pa., May 2.—The strike in the building trades for eight hours was inaugurated Friday morning. The number of men known to be out are: Carpenters, 1,800; stone-masons, 700; bricklayers, 600 or 700; slater-roofers, 400. Some twenty small firms already conceded the eight-hour day—thirty-five cents per hour to carpenters, but they do not belong to the Builders' exchange. President George S. Fulmer, of the latter organization, says the men cannot come back even at nine hours, as the contractors propose to make it a perfect freetout, and change certain obnoxious rules of the carpenters' union.

HUNTINGDON, Pa., May 2.—The proposed general strike of the Pennsylvania bituminous miners has been indefinitely declared off, and the work will therefore continue as usual. The Huntingdon, Bedford and Cambria county miners were dependent on the action of the Clearfield region

men, and the latter having decided that not enough money was in the treasury to justify a strike, it was abandoned. The men are thoroughly organized, and their grievances may result in a shut down at any time.

IN NEW YORK. NEW YORK, May 2.—The battle of organized labor for the eight-hour work-day in this city was begun Friday. About 4,000 men in the building trades struck work. The housewives' union, led the fight for eight hours, while the framers' union made a demand for an increase of five cents an hour.

BLOODSHED AHEAD. FORMES, France, May 2.—There was a formidable collision here Friday night between miners and the police, in which seven persons were killed and twelve wounded. One half of the workmen here attended to their duties during the day. The remainder abstained from work, and were very noisy, marching about the streets, singing, shouting, etc. A mob of 4,000 hoisted at a body of gendarmes, and the gendarmes drew their sabers and attempted to disperse the crowd, but were received with a shower of stones and were compelled to retreat. A mob attacked the Mairie in the evening in an attempt to rescue imprisoned comrades, and wounded two soldiers. The troops immediately opened fire, killing seven men and wounding twelve. The mob then fled.

PARIS, May 2.—A mob threatened the police station at Clichy and a body of gendarmes sallied to disperse the crowd. The mob took refuge in a winery, which they barricaded. The police attempted to dislodge them and were met with a volley of revolver shots. A pitched battle ensued. Four policemen were wounded and all will probably die.

PARIS, May 2.—May day in Lyons was attended by exciting scenes. A large crowd of men followed by a multitude of women and children paraded the streets bearing red banners. The police attempted to disperse the crowd, and a general melee followed. Many arrests were made and the rioters continued to defy the police until 10 o'clock at night, when the cavalry charged the mob, dispersing it and injuring many. Sixty arrests were made.

ROME, May 2.—May day was a day of riot and bloodshed in Rome. Several conflicts took place between workmen led by anarchists and the authorities. Two men were killed outright and a number were fatally hurt, among whom was Sig. Cipriani, the anarchist leader. A meeting of workmen took place Friday afternoon near the church of San Giovanni. There were five members of the chamber of deputies present. An anarchist speaker violently urged the assembled men to attack the police. The speaker's words so excited his hearers that soon after the mob charged the troops who were stationed in the neighborhood. Some of the rioters hurled stones at the troops from the windows of houses in the neighborhood. The gendarmes at this point fired upon the rioters and the cavalry immediately after charged upon those who had not been put to flight by the gendarmes' fire. At the same time the infantry soldiers near the scene of the riot were ordered to storm the houses from which the stones had been thrown. A terrible uproar followed. When matters had calmed down somewhat it was found that Sig. Barzilai, a member of the chamber of deputies, Sig. Cipriani, a socialist leader, and twenty-five others have been wounded during the riot. One man was killed outright by the gendarmes' fire. In addition the rioters were stabbed to death by the rioters. During the cavalry charge several rioters were thrown down and were trampled on and were kicked by their comrades' horses. Sig. Cipriani has been arrested. The meeting numbered 5,000. The proceedings were quiet till the cavalry stationed in the square were ordered to mount, when a panic seized the meeting. Cipriani mounted the platform and shouted: "We must act as if we are not cowards." Then a shot was heard, followed by a shower of stones on the soldiers' heads. The cavalry was ordered to charge at a trot and then there were more shots and volleys of stones, but the rioters were speedily dispersed.

Later on another sharp conflict occurred between the soldiers and a mob in Victor Emmanuel square. Several persons were injured and a trooper was killed. Altogether 100 persons were arrested during the day. Nine soldiers and five civilians were wounded.

Minister Nicotera, replying to questions in the chamber of deputies, said there were 300 anarchists among those present at the workmen's demonstration; that the public forces had been attacked with revolvers and stones, and that shots had been fired from the windows of Sig. Cipriani's residence, and that therefore the demonstration had been suppressed.

IN OTHER FOREIGN CITIES. LONDON, May 2.—There was not a sign of labor day here, all demonstrations being reserved for Sunday, when there will be a large meeting in Hyde park. The following resolution will be moved from twelve platforms simultaneously:

"Resolved, That this meeting recognizes the establishment of the international eight-hour day for all workers as the most immediate step toward the ultimate emancipation of the workers and urges upon the governments of all countries the necessity of having a working day of eight hours by legislative enactment."

Dispatches received here from all over the continent report as quiet a day as could be expected on such a holiday. Socialists and anarchists contented themselves with issuing manifestoes, or with some noisy demonstrations in wine-shops, and did not allow themselves to forget that the police and military were held in readiness everywhere to suppress any trouble at a moment's notice. Arrests during the last few days of many of the most radical leaders served also to keep their ardor in check.

Berlin advises state that everything was quiet, most of the workmen going about their occupations as usual and reserving any intended celebration for Sunday. At Bochum, Westphalia, the striking miners assembled in force at an early hour, but were promptly dispersed by the police.

The Hungarian government forbade all demonstrations and processions and the police vigilantly enforced the order. State employees were denied a holiday. Telegrams from Barcelona represent affairs as in a very threatening condition, the workmen generally abstaining from work and gathering many of them armed in the streets. Several Spanish men-of-war were in the harbor and landed a force of marines to assist in preserving order. In Brussels the workmen prepared a grand demonstration. The military reserves were summoned and held to await events.

"German Syrup"

For Throat and Lungs

"I have been ill for about five years, 'have had the best medical advice, and I took the first dose in some doubt. This result 'ed in a few hours easy sleep. There 'was no further hemorrhage till next 'day, when I had a slight attack 'which stopped almost immediately. By the third day all trace of 'blood had disappeared and I had 'recovered much strength. The 'fourth day I sat up in bed and ate 'my dinner, the first solid food for 'two months. Since that time I 'have gradually gotten better and 'am now able to move about the 'house. My death was daily expected and my recovery has been 'a great surprise to my friends and 'the doctor. There can be no doubt 'about the effect of German Syrup, 'as I had an attack just previous to 'its use. The only relief was after 'the first dose.' J. R. LOUGHEAD, Adelaide, Australia.

THIS GOOD OLD STAND-BY accomplishes for everybody exactly what is claimed for it. One of the reasons for the great popularity of the German Syrup is found in its universal applicability. Everybody needs such a medicine. The German Syrup is in use in every country. The housewife needs it for her family. The doctor needs it for his patients. The mechanic needs it for his work.

The miner needs it in case of emergency. The German Syrup is in use in every country. The housewife needs it for her family. The doctor needs it for his patients. The mechanic needs it for his work.

The stock-grower needs it to save his thousands of dollars and a world of trouble. The Railroad man needs it in case of accident. The Farmer needs it for his stock and his land. The Blacksmith needs it for his work. The Merchant needs it for his business. The Soldier needs it for his health. The Sailor needs it for his voyage. The Traveller needs it for his journey. The Worker needs it for his strength. The Thinker needs it for his mind. The Doer needs it for his deed. The Seer needs it for his vision. The Healer needs it for his cure. The Sufferer needs it for his pain. The Dying needs it for his life. The Living needs it for his health. The Dead needs it for his rest. The World needs it for its peace.



Level Headed

People who are desirous of making a running dividend on their capital will see that it requires but

Limited Brains

To comprehend that ten per cent. on ones spendings is better than

A Dude's

Idea of living on the interest of his money because the principal was long ago squandered. We guarantee a saving of over ten per cent. on all purchases made at our store. If you make four per cent. on your savings and ten per cent. on your spendings you will soon be rich.

It pays to keep posted on our prices.

We offer you Ebony, Walnut or Mahogany curtain poles 5 feet long with fine gilt rings and fixtures complete at 35 cents. You payed 100-per-cent 50 cents for those you got, but you can relieve your mind by telling your neighbor about how you have been swindled, that may be worth something to you, and will not hurt us.

Best Tubular lanterns 25c each at Glazier's.

If you have a receipt for liniment, condition powders, dye stuffs, anything in the drug line, take it to Glazier, the druggist, his underbuy and undersell prices will save you about 100 per cent.

Pin your thoughts on our low prices.

To say that we have cut the prices of molasses and syrups, is putting it mildly—we have butchered them with a rip-saw.

Buy your Quinine of Glazier, the druggist, at 35c per ounce. Cinchonidia 9c per ounce.

Pure White Lead 6 1/2c per pound at Glazier's.

Stove polish 5 cents per package at Glazier's.

We can show you a larger and better assorted stock of wall paper, window shades, than you can find elsewhere in Washtenaw County.

Don't pay three profits on the drugs and medicines you use, but trade with Glazier, the druggist, save money and be happy.

All Silverware 1/4 off at Glazier's.

New Flgs 10 cents per pound at Glazier's.

Wall paper at prices which make it fly, and cause 100-per-cent to sigh, at Glazier's.

Water White oil 10c per gallon at Glazier's.

We are not in the trust—we buy our own goods and make our own prices. Underbuy and undersell.

We don't feel like robbers, we don't know how 100-per-cent feels.

The best spring curtain fixture made 8c. You have been paying 100-per-cent 25 cents for the same fixture.

Stove polish 5c per package at Glazier's.

Standard White Lead at 6 1/2c per pound at Glazier's.

4 papers tacks 5 cents at Glazier's.

It is spring; housecleaning will now be in order. Please remember that you can buy wall paper, curtains, Paints and Alabaster, at 5c, cheaper than anyone else in Washtenaw county. Stove Polish 5c, 4 papers Tacks 5c.

If you want anything in the line of drugs and medicines, and if pure drugs and low prices are any object to you, Glazier, the druggist will certainly sell you the goods.

We handle only pure drugs.

For pure drugs at "hard time prices" go to Glazier's.

Pure Linsed Oil 35 cents per gallon at Glazier's.

Granulated sugar 21 pounds for \$1.00 at Glazier's.

Good Wall Paper 3 1/4 to 4 cents per roll, fine Borders 1/2 to 2 cents per yard at Glazier's.

Our business is good because our prices are right.

An immense line of Wall Paper at Glazier's, at prices so low they will make you smile.

Our prices on drugs and medicines, are about one half the price asked at other stores.

Follow the crowd and you'll find us.

Rogers' Bros' 1847 tripple plate tea-spoons 1.33 per set at Glazier's.

Greatest bargains in Jewelry and watches at Glazier's.

Good envelopes 5 cents a package or 6 packages for 25 cents, at Glazier's.

6 pounds bird seed for 25 cents at Glazier's.

Best salmon 14 cents per can at Glazier's.

Solid gold rings and jewelry of all kinds at low prices at Glazier's.

Rogers' Bros' 1847 tripple plate knives and forks \$2.95 per dozen at Glazier's.

Our spice trade is immense.

Good salmon 11 cents per can at Glazier's.

Sulphur 25 pounds for \$1.00 at Glazier's.

Verily, merrily, more and more, it pays to trade at

GLAZIER'S STORE.

Council Proceedings.

[OFFICIAL.]

Chelsea, April, 24, 1891.

Board met in Council Room.

Meeting called to order by President.

Roll called by Clerk.

Minutes of last meeting read and approved.

Present, Wm. Bacon, president, Trustees, W. F. Riemschneider, G. H. Kempf, F. Staffan, A. Conkright.

Absent, Geo. Crowell, Chas. Whitaker.

Moved and supported that the bond of Conrad Spiraule, as principal, with Godfrey Gran and Catherine Girbach as sureties be accepted. Carried.

Moved and supported that the liquor bond of Henry Froy be referred back for correction. Carried.

On motion board adjourned.

A. E. WINANS, Clerk.

Chelsea, April 28, 1891.

Board met in Council Room.

Meeting called to order by President.

Minutes of last meeting read and approved.

Roll called by clerk.

Present, Wm. Bacon, president, Trustees, W. F. Riemschneider, F. Staffan, G. Crowell, C. Whitaker, Absent, G. H. Kempf, and A. Conkright.

On motion the drug bond of R. S. Armstrong & Co., principal, with Herman M. Woods and William J. Knapp as sureties was accepted and approved.

On motion the following liquor bonds were accepted and approved: Henry Froy, principal, with James Hudler and James Taylor as sureties; John Bohnet, principal, with Maria Froy and Godfrey Gran as sureties; Tommy McNamara, principal, with Michael J. Noyes, James McLaren and Timothy McKone as sureties.

On motion the board adjourned.

A. E. WINANS, Clerk.

Chelsea, May 1st, 1891.

Board met in Council Room.

Meeting called to order by president.

Roll called by Clerk.

Present, Wm. Bacon, president, Trustees, W. F. Riemschneider, Geo. Crowell, F. Staffan and Chas. Whitaker.

Absent, G. H. Kempf and A. Conkright.

Moved and supported that we raise one thousand (\$1,000) dollars direct tax.

Moved and supported that the drug bond of F. P. Glazier be accepted, with Geo. P. Glazier and Wm. P. Schenk as sureties. Carried.

Moved and supported that Ordinance No. 27 be accepted as read. Carried.

ORDINANCE NO. 27.

An Ordinance relative to and designating the time when saloons, restaurants, bars in taverns, and all other places, except drug stores, where malt, vinous or intoxicating liquors are sold or kept for sale shall be closed.

The Village of Chelsea Ordains.

SECTION 1. All saloons, restaurants, bars in taverns or elsewhere, and all other places, except drug stores, where malt, vinous, or intoxicating liquors are sold, or kept for sale, either at wholesale or retail, shall be closed on the first day of July, or on the first day of August, or on all election days, on all legal holidays, and until six o'clock of the following morning, and on each week day night from and after the hour of nine o'clock until six o'clock of the morning of the succeeding day.

SECTION 2. Any person or persons who shall violate Section One of this Ordinance shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and if found guilty before any Court having jurisdiction, shall be punished by a fine not to exceed Fifty Dollars besides the costs of prosecution, or by imprisonment in the County Jail not to exceed Thirty Days, or both such fine and imprisonment, in the discretion of the Court.

SECTION 3. All Ordinances or parts of Ordinances inconsistent with this Ordinance are hereby repealed.

SECTION 4. This Ordinance to be in force from and after twenty days after its passage.

Approved May 1st, 1891, by order of the Village Board.

WILLIAM BACON, President.

ALBERT E. WINANS, Clerk.

On motion board adjourned.

A. E. WINANS, Clerk.

Religion and Business Combined.

A poor country congregation found itself badly in want of hymn books. The clergyman applied to a London firm and asked to be supplied at the lowest church rates.

The firm replied that on condition the hymn books contained certain advertisements the congregation should have them for nothing.

Necessity knows no law and the minister sorrowfully complied thinking to himself that when the advertisements came they could be removed from the leaves. The hymn books arrived, and—joy of joys—they contained no interlarded advertisements. Christmas services were had the following Sunday, and the good person joyously gave out an appropriate hymn and the congregation sang the first verse with fervor.

When they reached the last line they found that this was what they had been singing:

Hark! the herald angels sing,

—'tis pity is just the thing;

Peace on earth and mercy mild,

Two for man and one for child.

Markets.

Chelsea, May 6, 1891.

Eggs, per dozen.....12c

Butter, per pound.....10c

Oats, per bushel.....55c

Corn, per bushel.....80c

Onions, per bushel.....85c

Potatoes, per bushel.....80c

Apples, per bushel.....\$1.00

Wheat, per bushel.....\$1.00

Beans, per bushel.....\$1.70

Subscribe for the CHESAIRE HERALD.

Excursion.

Special excursion to Detroit on account of the grand concert of Gilmore's band. This will give parties so desiring an opportunity of attending both the afternoon and evening concerts. The Michigan Central will run a special train to Detroit, Monday, May 11, 1891, on the following schedule time, and will sell tickets at the low rates stated for the round trip:

Leaving	Time	Rates
Jackson	7.30 a. m.	\$1.75
Leoni	7.45 a. m.	1.65
Grass Lake	7.51 a. m.	1.50
Francisco	7.59 a. m.	1.35
Chelsea	8.13 a. m.	1.25
Dexter	8.27 a. m.	1.25
Solo	8.33 a. m.	1.25
Deli	8.34 a. m.	1.25
Ann Arbor	8.44 a. m.	1.00
Geddes	8.50 a. m.	1.00
Ypsilanti	9.00 a. m.	.75
Denton	9.08 a. m.	.60
Wayne Junction	9.28 a. m.	.50
Detroit	9.40 a. m.	.30

Arrive at Detroit 10.00 a. m. Returning, special train leaves Detroit, 10.00 p. m. Tickets will be good on this train and date only.

The Art Loan in Ann Arbor.

Perhaps it is not generally known among the readers of this paper, that the Students Christian Association, of the University of Michigan, is making a great effort to raise money to finish the new building of the Association so that it may be opened this summer. The ladies of Ann Arbor, are co-operating with the students in the matter, and have arranged to have an Art Loan exhibition held in the new building. The exhibition will open on Saturday May 16, and continue open till Friday evening May 29th. There will be an opportunity to see here a very fine collection of paintings, etchings, works of art and bric-a-brac, as well as curiosities from many different parts of the world. A large share of these various articles will be brought from outside of Ann Arbor. Beside the main collection, there will be rooms devoted to special objects, as the Floral room, German room, Bric-a-brac room, Oriental room, Colonial room and Refreshment room. Each evening during the Art Loan, a musical, literary or artistic program will be given, of which there will be extended notice as soon as the exact dates of the entertainments can be fixed upon.

Ice Cream and Whiskey Cure the Grip

A Maine paper is authority for the following: "An odd cure for the grip was suggested and successfully tested by a New York physician the other day. The wife of a friend had a severe attack of the disease, and nearly sneezed her pretty head off for a couple of days. She applied to her friend, the doctor, and he told her to eat all the ice cream she could before she went to bed at night and sleep ten hours. "When you get up next morning," said he, "don't try to eat any breakfast, but send out and get a quart of as good whiskey as you can buy. When it comes, go back to bed, and dissolve three big lumps of sugar in a half a tumbler of whiskey and add hot water to the taste. Drink it all at once. In the afternoon you might eat some more ice cream, and half an hour after doing so drink another tumbler of whiskey." The lady followed the instructions implicitly, and the treatment knocked the grip out in short order."

The Latest Bow.

Of late there is noticeable in ultra-fashionable circles a revival of the somewhat archaic courtesy with which the pretest of misses a century ago were wont to acknowledge compliments or broken recognition. In place, however, of the ungainly sinking of the shoulders by means of a verticle depression of the knee custom is graciously disposed to insist upon the more courtly French inclination, consisting of a profound obeisance of the head, combined with a low and stately dip. It was said of Talleyrand that one bow from him was worth an empire, so elegant were his gestures and so perfect his self-control. The French bow, when rightly achieved, is a poem in motion, a symphony in courtly grace.

Small Farms.

One of the mistakes of the times is the popular belief that everything in a business way must be big. The idea has grown out of our haste to grow wealthy and from superficial calculation, such as, if one acre pays \$100, 100 acres would pay \$10,000. Men seldom make such money out of very large orchards, and while a source of envy to small holders they are often, in fact, just holding on or running ahead on borrowed capital. The men who make money are getting rich out of horticultural pursuits at those who do not attempt more than they can look after personally. From ten to eighty acres are the sized tracts which pay the highest per cent. of profit, if they are properly conducted. The idea that a living cannot be made out of a small place has retarded many from going into a business in which they might now be making an independent living.

Holy Wanted.

Strong, healthy girls can find immediate employment at the Ypsilanti Woolen Mills. Steady work and good wages. Apply in person or by letter.

Notice.

Notice is hereby given, that the Board of Review, of the village of Chelsea, will meet at the Council Rooms in the town hall on Monday and Tuesday, May 11th and 12th, 1891, for the purpose of reviewing the assessment roll of said village. Dated Chelsea, May 4th, 1891.

J. P. Wood, Assessor.

Additional Local.

Wm. P. Schenk has a change of "ad." in this issue. Read it.

Mrs. Chas. Wunder is having her residence on South Main street painted and repaired.

A tri-cycle, with a petroleum motor, has been invented that will go forty-nine miles an hour. Pretty soon every man will be his own engineer and conductor, and the common road will be his railroad track.

No doubt the changed condition of life, the hurry and scurry of business, and the struggle for very existence are largely responsible for the decadence of courtesy in these days. We have not time to be polite, and if we stay to consider others, we ourselves may be jostled out of place. But is not the prevailing tendency of self indulgence and luxuriousness equally to blame for this decadence of manners?

A few years ago, when a man built a new house, his family used to occupy only about half of it, because the rest was not finished, and in many instances not even plastered. Now, when he builds a house, he furnishes it new throughout, and the members of his family do not seem to be any more economical because he has a new house to pay for. The people are either becoming more prosperous, or more accustomed to debt.

In a certain family not far away there is a young lady, and she has a beau, and the presumption is he is not particularly bashful when he and the apple barrel of his affections are alone, or think they are. What strengthens this view of the case is the fact that the young lady has a small brother named Jimmy, and the other night there was a tea party at the family mansion, and the supper table was very much crowded, so much so that Jimmy's young sister was crowded up close to him, whereupon he made the remark out loud: "Mamma sister crowds so close I can't breathe. I ain't her beau, am I?"

Fact and Fancy.

Leave your orders at Boyd's for home made, or any other kind of bread.

For wall paper, ceiling paper and borders, go to Hoag & Holmes.

Glazier, the druggist, sells all pills, plasters, and 25c medicines at 12 to 18c.

Gasoline stoves at Hummel & Whitaker's from \$1.25 upward.

Fresh bread every day at Boyd's.

Spring and summer styles in millinery at Mrs. Staffan's.

Good line of wall paper at Hoag & Holmes.

Glazier, the druggist, sells all dollar medicines at 58 to 75c per bottle.

Have you seen the Frameless Blender, the Buckeye, Hummel & Whitaker is showing it.

A desirable piece of land and a good barn for sale. Apply at this office.

Have your bread, cake and pies, delivered free of charge, by leaving your order with Boyd.

If you are thinking of getting a Vapor stove Hummel & Whitaker can save you some money.

Itch cured in 30 minutes by Woolford's Sanitary Lotion. Never fails. Sold by Hummel & Fenn, druggists, Chelsea.

Glazier, the druggist, sells all 50c medicines at 25 to 35c.

English Spavin Treatment removes all Hard, Soft or Calloused Lumps and Blemishes from horses, Blood Spavin, Curbs, Splints, Sweeney, Ring-bone, Stiffles, Sprains, and Swollen Throats, Coughs, etc. Save \$50 by use of one bottle. Warranted the most wonderful Blemish Cure ever known. Sold by Hummel & Fenn, druggists, Chelsea.

Letter List.

Following are the letters remaining unclaimed in the postoffice at Chelsea, Apr. 16th, 1891.

Wm. Cerven.

Rev. J. Millen.

Mrs. S. J. Terney.

Persons calling for any of the above please say "advertiser."

Wm. Judson, P. M.

Piles, Piles, Piles.

Lowe's Red Clover Pile Remedy, is a positive specific for all forms of the disease: Blind, Bleeding, Itching, Ulcerated, and Protruding Piles.—Price 50c. For sale by Glazier, the Druggist, Chelsea, Mich.

For Sale.

\$5,500 school bonds, against school district No. 3, fractional with Sylvan and Lima, Washtenaw county, Mich., bearing interest at 5 per cent., interest to commence June 1st, 1891. \$1,500 due February 1st, 1892; \$2,000 due February 1st, 1893; \$2,000 due February 1st, 1894. Interest payable February 1st, 1892, and annually thereafter. These bonds will be sold to the highest bidder, and bids will be received until May 15th, 1891. For full particulars inquire of W. J. Knapp, Director, Chelsea, Mich.

For Sale.

A good horse, weight about 1,100 pounds. Inquire of Dr. Schmidt.

For Sale.

I have a quantity of White Dent seed corn that has been well cured, shelled and fanned out, which I will sell at \$1.25 per bushel. Inquire of R. A. Snyder.

Sick Headache.

Lowe's Red Clover Pills Cure Sick Headache, Dyspepsia, Constipation, 25c per Box, or 6 Boxes for \$1. For sale by Glazier, the Druggist, Chelsea, Mich.

Natural Gas Explosion.

J. M. Lowe Red Clover Co., Detroit, Mich.—In answer to your inquiry as regards sale of your Red Clover and Pills, we have to say that we have never had a better selling article, and perfect satisfaction has been the result in every instance. The cure of Geo. R. Beller, of the Beller House, the subject of the natural gas explosion here in Dec. of '87, who was severely afflicted with Rheumatism and Blood Disease after partial recovery from effects of explosion, has been entirely cured after the use of a few packages of your wonderful Red Clover Extract. Mr. M. A. Gansfield, hardware merchant, W. C. Hammer, music dealer, Jos. Keever, farmer, and Cooper Norris, farmer, will all attest to the virtues of Lowe's Red Clover Extract, as they are all now using same and being greatly benefited. Please ship the enclosed order at once, as our stock is very low.

Yours truly,

W. J. Knapp,

Druggist Farmland, Ind.

We Have To Move.

But if you want anything in the meat line, don't fail to call on us at the old stand, as we keep in stock at all times, Fresh Beef, Veal, Mutton and Pork. Also Smoked Meats and Sausage. Fish and Oysters in season.

Respectfully,

SMITH & STEPHENS.

GROCERIES

We keep on hand a complete line of choice family groceries, at bottom prices for good goods.

We have just received a fine line of fresh garden seeds to sell in bulk.

Call and see us.

Yours Respectfully,

GEO. BLAICH.

Chelsea, Michigan.

CHESAIRE, MICH.

CHESAIRE, MICH.

CHESAIRE, MICH.

CHESAIRE, MICH.

CHESAIRE, MICH.

CHESAIRE, MICH.

CHESAIRE, MICH.

CHESAIRE, MICH.

CHESAIRE, MICH.

CHESAIRE, MICH.

CHESAIRE, MICH.

CHESAIRE, MICH.

CHESAIRE, MICH.

CHESAIRE, MICH.

CHESAIRE, MICH.

CHESAIRE, MICH.

CHESAIRE, MICH.

CHESAIRE, MICH.

CHESAIRE, MICH.

CHESAIRE, MICH.

CHESAIRE, MICH.

CHESAIRE, MICH.

CHESAIRE, MICH.

CHESAIRE, MICH.

CHESAIRE, MICH.